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# **Operating Instructions**

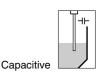
# **VEGACAP 63**

- Relay (DPDT)





Document ID: 30008





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## Supplementary documentation



#### Information:

Supplementary documents appropriate to the ordered version come with the delivery. You can find them listed in chapter "Product description".

## Instructions manuals for accessories and replacement parts



#### Tip:

To ensure reliable setup and operation of your VEGACAP 63, we offer accessories and replacement parts. The associated documents are:

- 30174 Electronics module VEGACAP series 60
- 34296 Protective cover
- 31088 Flanges according to DIN-EN-ASME-JIS-GOST



### 1 About this document

#### 1.1 Function

This operating instructions manual provides all the information you need for mounting, connection and setup as well as important instructions for maintenance and fault rectification. Please read this information before putting the instrument into operation and keep this manual accessible in the immediate vicinity of the device.

### 1.2 Target group

This operating instructions manual is directed to trained qualified personnel. The contents of this manual should be made available to these personnel and put into practice by them.

## 1.3 Symbolism used



### Information, tip, note

This symbol indicates helpful additional information.



Caution: If this warning is ignored, faults or malfunctions can

**Warning:** If this warning is ignored, injury to persons and/or serious damage to the instrument can result.

**Danger:** If this warning is ignored, serious injury to persons and/or destruction of the instrument can result.



#### Ex applications

This symbol indicates special instructions for Ex applications.

#### List

The dot set in front indicates a list with no implied sequence.

# → Action

This arrow indicates a single action.

#### 1 Sequence

Numbers set in front indicate successive steps in a procedure.



# 2 For your safety

### 2.1 Authorised personnel

All operations described in this operating instructions manual must be carried out only by trained specialist personnel authorised by the plant operator.

During work on and with the device the required personal protective equipment must always be worn.

## 2.2 Appropriate use

VEGACAP 63 is a sensor for level detection.

You can find detailed information on the application range in chapter "*Product description*".

Operational reliability is ensured only if the instrument is properly used according to the specifications in the operating instructions manual as well as possible supplementary instructions.

For safety and warranty reasons, any invasive work on the device beyond that described in the operating instructions manual may be carried out only by personnel authorised by the manufacturer. Arbitrary conversions or modifications are explicitly forbidden.

# 2.3 Warning about misuse

Inappropriate or incorrect use of the instrument can give rise to application-specific hazards, e.g. vessel overfill or damage to system components through incorrect mounting or adjustment.

# 2.4 General safety instructions

This is a high-tech instrument requiring the strict observance of standard regulations and guidelines. The user must take note of the safety instructions in this operating instructions manual, the country-specific installation standards as well as all prevailing safety regulations and accident prevention rules.

The instrument must only be operated in a technically flawless and reliable condition. The operator is responsible for trouble-free operation of the instrument.

During the entire duration of use, the user is obliged to determine the compliance of the required occupational safety measures with the current valid rules and regulations and also take note of new regulations.



## 2.5 Safety label on the instrument

The safety approval markings and safety tips on the device must be observed.

### 2.6 CE conformity

This device fulfills the legal requirements of the applicable EC guidelines. By attaching the CE mark, VEGA provides a confirmation of successful testing. You can find the CE conformity declaration in the download area of <a href="https://www.vega.com">www.vega.com</a>.

## 2.7 Safety instructions for Ex areas

Please note the Ex-specific safety information for installation and operation in Ex areas. These safety instructions are part of the operating instructions manual and come with the Ex-approved instruments.

#### 2.8 Environmental instructions

Protection of the environment is one of our most important duties. That is why we have introduced an environment management system with the goal of continuously improving company environmental protection. The environment management system is certified according to DIN EN ISO 14001.

Please help us fulfil this obligation by observing the environmental instructions in this manual:

- Chapter "Packaging, transport and storage"
- Chapter "Disposal"



# 3 Product description

## 3.1 Configuration

#### Scope of delivery

The scope of delivery encompasses:

- VEGACAP 63 point level sensor
- Documentation
  - this operating instructions manual
  - Safety Manual 31814 "VEGACAP series 60 Relay (DPDT)" (optional)
  - Supplementary instructions manual "Plug connector for level sensors" (optional)
  - Ex-specific "Safety instructions" (with Ex-versions)
  - if necessary, further certificates

#### Components

VEGACAP 63 consists of the following components:

- Housing cover
- Housing with electronics
- Process fitting with electrode

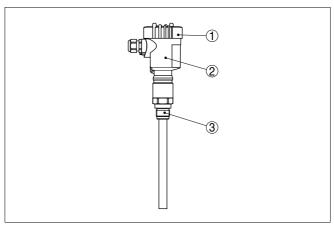


Fig. 1: VEGACAP 63 - with plastic housing

- 1 Housing cover
- 2 Housing with electronics
- 3 Process fitting

#### Type label

The type label contains the most important data for identification and use of the instrument:

- Article number
- Serial number
- Technical data
- Article numbers, documentation



The serial number allows you to access the delivery data of the instrument via www.vega.com, "VEGA Tools" and "serial number search". In addition to the type label outside, you can also find the serial number on the inside of the instrument.

## 3.2 Principle of operation

#### Application area

VEGACAP 63 is a point level sensor with fully insulated capacitive electrode for level detection.

VEGACAP 63 is very rugged and maintenance-free and can be used in all areas of industrial process technology.

Fully insulated probes such as VEGACAP 63 are preferably used in conductive liquids.

Typical applications are overfill and dry run protection.

The capacitive measuring principle places no special requirements on installation. Hence, many different applications can be equipped with VEGACAP 63.

The instrument can also be used problem-free in corrosive products.

#### **Functional principle**

Probe, measured product and vessel wall form an electrical capacitor. The capacitance is influenced by three main factors.

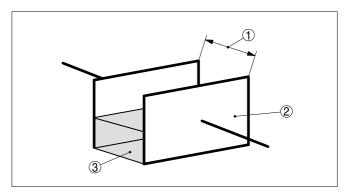


Fig. 2: Functional principle - Plate capacitor

- Distance between the electrode surfaces
- Size of the electrode surfaces
- Type of dielectric between the electrodes

The probe and the vessel wall are the capacitor plates. The measured product is the dielectric. Due to the higher dielectric constant (DK value) of the product compared to air, the capacitance increases as the probe is gradually covered.

The capacitance change is converted by the electronics module into a switching command.



#### Power supply

VEGACAP 63 is a compact instrument, i.e. it can be operated without external evaluation system. The integrated electronics evaluates the level signal and outputs a switching signal. With this switching signal, a connected device can be operated directly (e.g. a warning system, a PLC, a pump etc.).

The data for power supply are specified in chapter "Technical data".

## 3.3 Operation

The probe can be adapted to the dielectric constant of the product directly on the electronics module.

A switching command can be triggered when the probe is covered or laid bare.

On the electronics module you will find the following indicating and adjustment elements:

- Signal lamp for indication of the switching condition (green/red)
- Potentiometer for switching point adaptation
- DIL switch for measuring range selection
- DIL switch for mode adjustment

## 3.4 Storage and transport

#### **Packaging**

Your instrument was protected by packaging during transport. Its capacity to handle normal loads during transport is assured by a test according to DIN EN 24180.

The packaging of standard instruments consists of environment-friendly, recyclable cardboard. For special versions, PE foam or PE foil is also used. Dispose of the packaging material via specialised recycling companies.

#### **Transport**

Transport must be carried out under consideration of the notes on the transport packaging. Nonobservance of these instructions can cause damage to the device.

#### **Transport inspection**

The delivery must be checked for completeness and possible transit damage immediately at receipt. Ascertained transit damage or concealed defects must be appropriately dealt with.

#### Storage

Up to the time of installation, the packages must be left closed and stored according to the orientation and storage markings on the outside.

Unless otherwise indicated, the packages must be stored only under the following conditions:

- Not in the open
- Dry and dust free
- Not exposed to corrosive media



- Protected against solar radiation
- Avoiding mechanical shock and vibration

# Storage and transport temperature

- Storage and transport temperature see chapter "Supplement -Technical data - Ambient conditions"
- Relative humidity 20 ... 85 %



# 4 Mounting

#### 4.1 General instructions

# Suitability for process conditions

Make sure that all parts of the instrument exposed to the process, in particular the sensor element, process seal and process fitting, are suitable for the existing process conditions. These include above all the process pressure, process temperature as well as the chemical properties of the medium.

You can find the specifications in chapter "Technical data" or on the type label.

#### Switching point

In general the level switch can be mounted in any position. The instrument must be mounted in such a way that the probe is at the height of the requested switching point.

#### Welding work

Before beginning the welding work, remove the electronics module from the sensor. By doing this, you avoid damage to the electronics through inductive coupling.

#### Handling

With threaded versions, the housing must not be used to screw in the instrument! Applying tightening forces on the housing can damage its internal parts.

Use the hexagon for screwing in.

#### Moisture

Use the recommended cables (see chapter "Connecting to power supply") and tighten the cable gland.

You can give your instrument additional protection against moisture penetration by leading the connection cable downward in front of the cable entry. Rain and condensation water can thus drain off. This applies mainly to outdoor mounting as well as installation in areas where high humidity is expected (e.g. through cleaning processes) or on cooled or heated vessels.

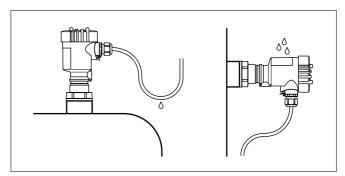


Fig. 3: Measures against moisture penetration



#### **Transport**

Do not hold VEGACAP 63 on the probe. Especially with heavy flange versions or long rod versions, the sensor can be damaged simply by the weight of the instrument.

#### Pressure/Vacuum

The process fitting must be sealed if there is gauge or low pressure in the vessel. Before use, check if the seal material is resistant against the measured product and the process temperature.

The max. permissible pressure is specified in chapter "Technical data" or on the type label of the sensor.

## 4.2 Mounting instructions

#### Agitators and fluidization

Agitators, equipment vibration, etc., can cause the level switch to be subjected to strong lateral forces. For this reason, do not use an overly long probe for VEGACAP 63, but check if you can mount a short level switch on the side of the vessel in horizontal position.

Extreme vibration caused by the system, e.g. due to agitators or turbulence in the vessel from fluidisation, can cause the probe of VEGACAP 63 to vibrate in resonance. If a longer rod version is necessary, you can secure the probe by fastening a suitable brace or quy directly above the end of the rod.

#### Inflowing medium

If the instrument is mounted in the filling stream, unwanted false measurement signals can be generated. For this reason, mount the instrument at a position in the vessel where no disturbances, e.g. from filling openings, agitators, etc., can occur.

This applies particularly to instrument versions with a longer probe.



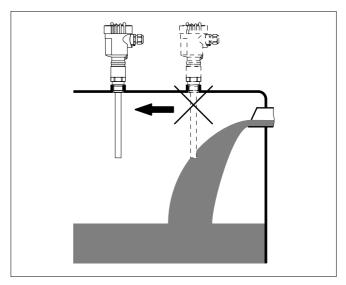


Fig. 4: Inflowing medium

#### Socket

The probe should protrude into the vessel to avoid buildup. For that reason, avoid using mounting bosses for flanges and screwed fittings. This applies particularly to use with adhesive products.

# Torque with PTFE plated flanges

To compensate the normal voltage loss due to sealing materials, you have to additionally use disc springs for fastening flange screws on PTFE coated flanges. Tighten the screws moderately with the torque stated in the technical data.



# 5 Connect to power supply

## 5.1 Prepare the connection

#### Note safety instructions

Always keep in mind the following safety instructions:

Connect only in the complete absence of line voltage

#### Select power supply

Connect the operating voltage according to the following diagrams. The electronics module with relay output is designed in protection class 1. To maintain this protection class, it is absolutely necessary that the ground conductor is connected to the internal ground terminal. Take note of the general installation regulations. As a rule, connect VEGACAP 63 to vessel ground (PA), or in case of plastic vessels, to the next ground potential. On the side of the housing there is a ground terminal between the cable entries. This connection serves to drain off electrostatic charges.

The data for power supply are specified in chapter "Technical data".

# Selecting connection cable

The instrument is connected with standard two-wire cable without screen. If electromagnetic interference is expected which is above the test values of EN 61326 for industrial areas, screened cable should be used.

Use cable with round cross-section. A cable outer diameter of  $5\dots 9$  mm (0.2  $\dots$  0.35 in) ensures the seal effect of the cable gland. If you are using cable with a different diameter or cross-section, exchange the seal or use a suitable cable gland.

# 5.2 Connection procedure



With Ex instruments, the housing cover may only be opened if there is no explosive atmosphere present.

Proceed as follows:

- 1 Unscrew the housing cover
- 2 Loosen compression nut of the cable entry
- 3 Remove approx. 10 cm (4 in) of the cable mantle, strip approx. 1 cm (0.4 in) insulation from the ends of the individual wires
- 4 Insert the cable through the cable gland into the sensor
- 5 Lift the opening levers of the terminals with a screwdriver (see following illustration)
- 6 Insert the wire ends into the open terminals according to the wiring plan
- 7 Press down the opening levers of the terminals, you will hear the terminal spring closing
- 8 Check the hold of the wires in the terminals by lightly pulling on them



- 9 Tighten the compression nut of the cable entry. The seal ring must completely encircle the cable
- 10 If necessary, carry out a fresh adjustment
- 11 Screw the housing cover on

The electrical connection is finished.

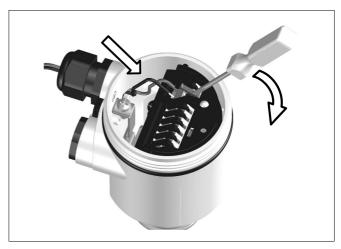


Fig. 5: Connection steps 5 and 6

# 5.3 Wiring plan, single chamber housing

### Housing overview

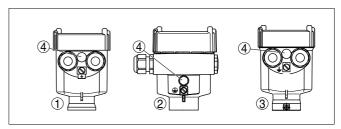


Fig. 6: Material versions, single chamber housing

- 1 Plastic (not with dust-Ex)
- 2 Aluminium
- 3 Stainless steel
- 4 Filter element for air pressure compensation



# Electronics and connection compartment

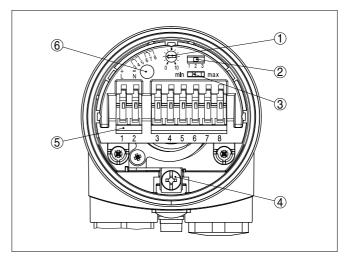


Fig. 7: Electronics and connection compartment

- 1 Potentiometer for switching point adaptation
- 2 DIL switch for measuring range selection
- 3 DIL switch for mode adjustment
- 4 Ground terminal
- 5 Connection terminals
- 6 Control lamp

#### Wiring plan

We recommend connecting VEGACAP 63 in such a way that the switching circuit is open when there is a level signal, line break or failure (safe condition).

The relays are always shown in non-operative condition.



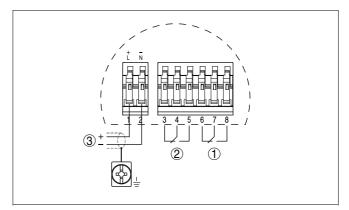


Fig. 8: Wiring plan

- Relay output
- Relay output Power supply



## 6 Set up

### 6.1 General information

The figures in brackets refer to the following illustrations.

### **Function/Configuration**

On the electronics module you will find the following indicating and adjustment elements:

- Potentiometer for switching point adaptation
- DIL switch for measuring range selection
- DIL switch for mode adjustment min./max.
- Control lamp



#### Note:

As a rule, always set the mode with the mode switch (3) before starting setup VEGACAP 63. The switching output will change if you set the mode switch (3) afterwards. This could possibly trigger other connected instruments or devices.

## 6.2 Adjustment elements

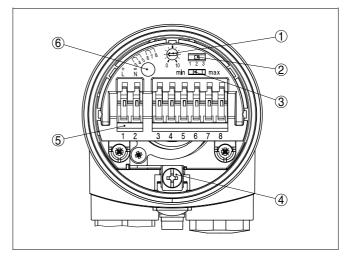


Fig. 9: Oscillator with relay output

- 1 Potentiometer for switching point adaptation
- 2 DIL switch for measuring range selection (with compensation button)
- 3 DIL switch for mode adjustment
- 4 Ground terminal
- 5 Connection terminals
- 6 Control lamp

The switching status of the electronics can be checked with closed housing (only plastic housing), see "Function chart".





#### Note:

Screw the housing cover tightly up to the thread stop so that the inspection glass is above the control lamp (LED).

To adjust VEGACAP 63, first of all remove the housing cover.

# Switching point adaptation (1)

·

Measuring range selection switch (2)

You can adapt the switching point to the solid with the potentiometer.

With the potentiometer (1) and the measuring range selection switch (2) you can change the sensitivity of the probe to the electrical properties of the product and the conditions in the vessel. This is necessary so that the level switch can also reliably detect products e. g. with very low or very high dielectric value.

range 1: 0 ... 20 pF

Range 2: 0 ... 85 pF

Range 3: 0 ... 450 pF

### Mode adjustment (3)

With the mode switch (3) you can change the switching condition of the relay. You can set the required mode (max. - max. detection or overfill protection, min. - min. detection or dry run protection).

We recommend connecting according to the quiescent current principle (relay contact deenergizes when the switching point is reached), because the relay always takes on the same (safe) condition if a failure is detected.

#### Signal lamp (6)

Control lamp for indication of the switching status

- green = relay energized
- red = relay deenergized
- red (flashing) = failure

#### Switching point adjustment

The adjustment of the switching point is only possible in installed condition.

The specifications in parenthesis refer to the preceding illustration.

## Horizontally mounted probes, angled probes

# Mode max. [mode min.]

- 1 Set mode switch (3) to mode max [min.].
- 2 Set meas. range selection switch (2) to range 1.
- 3 Make sure the probe is not covered by the medium.
- 4 Turn the potentiometer (1) to 0, the control lamp (6) lights red [lights green].
- To determine the empty switch point, turn the potentiometer (1) very slowly clockwise until the control lamp lights green [lights red]. If the control lamp still lights red [lights green], then you have to set the meas. range selection switch (2) to the next higher stage and repeat the setting with the potentiometer (1) until the control lamp lights green [lights red].
- 6 Note the position of the potentiometer (1).



In some cases the lowest range (range 1 = highest sensitivity) is not sufficient to adjust the full switch point. This would make another filling procedure necessary.

For this reason we recommend setting and noting the empty switching point in all three meas, ranges. Set the meas, range selection switch (2) to the next higher range and repeat the setting. Also note the values for the next ranges.

- Reset meas. range selection switch (2) to the next lower range in which the control lamp lights green [lights red].
- Fill the vessel until the probe is completely covered.
- Turn the potentiometer (1) very slowly clockwise until the control lamp lights green [lights red].
- 10 Note the position of the potentiometer (1). We recommend documenting the value of the empty switch point and the full switch point as well as the range.
- 11 If the control lamp does not light green [light red], then you have to set the meas, range switch (2) to the next higher stage and repeat the setting with the potentiometer until the control lamp lights green [lights red].
- 12 Set the potentiometer (1) to the average value of the two noted values.

The measuring system is now ready for operation.

	Empty adjustment	Full adjustment
range 1		
range 2		
range 3		

Tab. 1: Note the position of the potentiometer.



#### Note:

If you do not find the full switch point in one of the ranges, we recommend setting the meas. range selection switch (2) to the lowest range in which you have found the empty switch point. Set the potentiometer (1) to the average value between empty switch point and 10.

#### Vertically mounted probes

- (max. detection)
- Set mode switch (3) to mode max.
- Set meas. range selection switch (2) to range 1.
- Fill the vessel up to the requested level.
- Turn potentiometer (1) to position 10.
  - When the control lamp (6) lights red: set the measuring range selection switch (2) to the next higher measuring range.
  - When the control lamp (6) lights green: continue with the next item.
- Turn the potentiometer (1) very slowly anticlockwise until the control lamp (6) lights red.

Mode max.



The measuring system is now ready for operation.

# Mode min. (min. detection)

- 1 Set mode switch (3) to mode min.
- 2 Set meas. range selection switch (2) to range 1.
- 3 Lower the level to the requested min. level.
- 4 Turn the potentiometer (1) to 0, the control lamp (6) lights green.
- 5 Turn the potentiometer (1) very slowly clockwise until the control lamp (6) lights red. If the control lamp does not light red, set the meas. range selection switch (2) to the next higher stage and repeat the setting with the potentiometer (1) until the control lamp lights red.

The measuring system is now ready for operation.

### 6.3 Functional chart

The following chart provides an overview of the switching conditions depending on the adjusted mode and level.

	Level	Switching status	Control lamp
Mode max. Overflow protection		3 4 5 (6) (7) (8)	-\ <del>\</del> -
		Relay energized	Green
Mode max. Overflow protection		3 4 5 (6) (7) (8)	-\\-
		Relay deenergized	Red
Mode min. Dry run protection		3 4 5 (6) (7) (8)	-\\
		Relay energized	Green
Mode min. Dry run protection		3 4 5 (6) (7) (8)	-\\-\-
		Relay deenergized	Red
Failure of the sup- ply voltage (min./max. mode)	any	3 4 5 (6) (7) (8)	0
		Relay deenergized	
Failure	any	3 4 5 (6) (7) (8)	->
		Relay deenergized	flashes red



## 7 Maintenance and fault rectification

#### 7.1 Maintenance

When used in the correct way, no special maintenance is required in normal operation.

#### 7.2 Remove interferences

#### Reaction when malfunctions occur

The operator of the system is responsible for taken suitable measures to remove interferences.

#### Causes of malfunction

A maximum of reliability is ensured. Nevertheless, faults can occur during operation. These may be caused by the following, e.g.:

- Sensor
- Process
- Power supply
- Signal processing

#### Remove interferences

The first measure to be taken is to check the output signal. In many cases, the causes can be determined this way and the faults rectified.

#### 24 hour service hotline

However, should these measures not be successful, call the VEGA service hotline in urgent cases under the phone no. +49 1805 858550.

The hotline is available to you 7 days a week round-the-clock. Since we offer this service world-wide, the support is only available in the English language. The service is free of charge, only the standard telephone costs will be charged.

# Checking the switching signal

- ? VEGACAP 63 signals "covered" when the vibrating element is not submerged (overfill protection)
- ? VEGACAP 63 signals "uncovered" when the vibrating element is submerged (dry run protection)
  - Wrong mode selected
  - → Set the correct mode on the mode switch (max.: overflow protection, min.: dry run protection). Wiring should be carried out according to the quiescent current principle.
  - Operating voltage too low
  - → Check operating voltage
  - Electronics defective
  - → Press the mode switch (min./max.). If the instrument then changes the mode, the instrument may be mechanically damaged. Should the switching function in the correct mode still be faulty, return the instrument for repair.
  - → Push the mode switch. If the probe then does not change the mode, the electronics module may be defective. Exchange the electronics module.



- Shortcircuit in the probe, e.g. because of moisture in the housing
- → Remove the electronics module and check the resistance between the marked plug connections according to the following illustration.

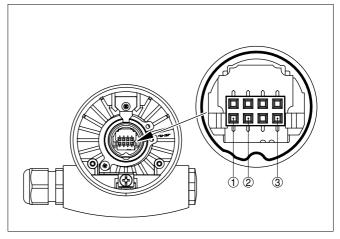


Fig. 26: Check the resistance in the probe

- 1 Shielding
- 2 Probe
- 3 Ground potential
  - → There should be no contact between any of the connections (high resistance)
  - → However, if there is somehow contact exchange instrument or return it for repair
  - Buildup on the probe
  - → Check if there is buildup on the vibrating element, and if so, remove it.
  - Unfavourable installation location
  - → Check if the probe is covered by buildup on the socket.
  - → Mount the instrument at a location in the vessel where e.g. no mounds can form.

#### ? Signal lamp flashes red

- Electronics module has detected a failure
- → Exchange instrument or return instrument for repair

# Reaction after fault rectification

Depending on the failure reason and measures taken, the steps described in chapter "Set up" must be carried out again, if necessary.



## 7.3 Exchange of the electronics module

In general, all electronics modules of series CP60 can be interchanged. If you want to use an electronics module with a different signal output, you can download the corresponding operating instructions manual from our homepage under Downloads.

#### Proceed as follows:

- 1 Switch off power supply
- 2 Unscrew the housing cover
- 3 Lift the opening levers of the terminals with a screwdriver
- 4 Pull the connection cables out of the terminals
- 5 Loosen the two screws with a screw driver (Torx size T10 or slot 4)

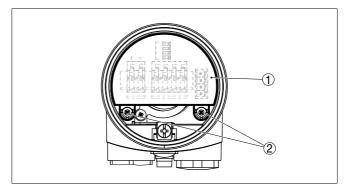


Fig. 27: Loosening the holding screws

- 1 Electronics module
- 2 Screws (2 pcs.)
- 6 Pull out the old electronics module
- 7 Compare the new electronics module with the old one. The type label of the electronics module must correspond to that of the old electronics module. This applies particularly to instruments used in hazardous areas.
- 8 Compare the settings of the two electronics modules. Set the adjustment elements of the new electronics module to the same setting of the old one.

## Information:

Make sure that the housing is not rotated during the electronics exchange. Otherwise the plug may be in a different position later.

- 9 Insert the electronics module carefully. Make sure that the plug is in the correct position.
- 10 Screw in and tighten the two holding screws with a screwdriver (Torx size T10 or Phillips 4)



- 11 Insert the wire ends into the open terminals according to the wiring plan
- 12 Press down the opening levers of the terminals, you will hear the terminal spring closing
- 13 Check the hold of the wires in the terminals by lightly pulling on them
- 14 Check cable gland on tightness. The seal ring must completely encircle the cable.
- 15 Mount the probe into the vessel. Make sure that the probe is uncovered.

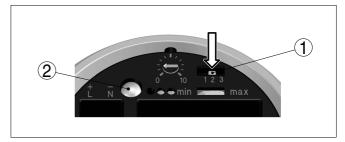


Fig. 28: Compensation key

- 1 Measuring range selection switch (compensation key)
- 2 Control lamp
- 16 Push the measuring range selection switch (1) as long as the control lamp (2) flashes green.
- 17 Carry out the adjustment again. See chapter "Set-up, adjustment elements"
- 18 Screw the housing cover on

The electronics exchange is now finished.

# 7.4 Instrument repair

If a repair is necessary, please proceed as follows:

You can download a return form (23 KB) from our Internet homepage <a href="www.vega.com">www.vega.com</a> under: "Downloads - Forms and certificates - Repair form".

By doing this you help us carry out the repair quickly and without having to call back for needed information.

- Print and fill out one form per instrument
- Clean the instrument and pack it damage-proof
- Attach the completed form and, if need be, also a safety data sheet outside on the packaging
- Please ask the agency serving you for the address of your return shipment. You can find the respective agency on our website www.vega.com under: "Company - VEGA worldwide"



# 8 Dismounting

### Dismounting steps



#### Warning:

Before dismounting, be aware of dangerous process conditions such as e.g. pressure in the vessel, high temperatures, corrosive or toxic products etc.

Take note of chapters "Mounting" and "Connecting to power supply" and carry out the listed steps in reverse order.

### 8.2 Disposal

The instrument consists of materials which can be recycled by specialised recycling companies. We use recyclable materials and have designed the electronics to be easily separable.

#### WEEE directive 2002/96/EG

This instrument is not subject to the WEEE directive 2002/96/EG and the respective national laws. Pass the instrument directly on to a specialised recycling company and do not use the municipal collecting points. These may be used only for privately used products according to the WEEE directive.

Correct disposal avoids negative effects to persons and environment and ensures recycling of useful raw materials.

Materials: see chapter "Technical data"

If you have no possibility to dispose of the old instrument professionally, please contact us concerning return and disposal.



# 9 Supplement

#### 9.1 Technical data

#### General data

Material 316L corresponds to 1.4404 or 1.4435

Materials, wetted parts

Process fitting - threadProcess fitting - flange316L

Process seal
 Klingersil C-4400

insulation (fully insulated)
 Probe (rod fully insulated: Ø 16 mm/
 316L

0.63 in)

Materials, non-wetted parts

Plastic housing plastic PBT (Polyester)

Aluminium die-casting housing
 Aluminium die-casting AlSi10Mg, powder-coated -

316L

basis: Polyester

Stainless steel housing - precision cast-

ıng

Stainless steel housing, electropolished 316L

Seal between housing and housing NBR (stainless steel housing, investment casting), cover silicone (Aluminium/plastic housing, stainless steel

housing, electro-polished)

Ground terminal 316L

Process fittings

Pipe thread, cylindrical (ISO 228 T1)
 American pipe thread, tapered
 Flanges
 G½ A, G¾ A, G1 A, G1½ A
 NPT, ¾ NPT, 1 NPT, 1½ NPT
 DIN from DN 25, ANSI from 1"

Weight

Instrument weight (depending on proc- 0.8 ... 4 kg (0.18 ... 8.82 lbs)

Rod weight: ø 16 mm (0.63 in)
 1100 g/m (12 oz/ft)

Sensor length (L)

ess fitting)

Process fitting: thread and flanges
 Process fitting: Flanges - PTFE plated
 0.1 ... 6 m (0.328 ... 19.69 ft)
 0.15 ... 6 m (0.492 ... 19.69 ft)

Max. lateral load 10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)

Torque of the flange screws (min.) 60 Nm (44.25 lbf ft)

Max. torque (process fitting - thread) 100 Nm (74 lbf ft)

Frequency 430 kHz

Output variable

Output Relay output (DPDT), 2 floating spdts



_	Min.	10 mV

#### Switching current

#### Breaking capacity

If inductive loads or stronger currents are switched through, the gold plating on the relay contact surface will be permanently damaged. The contact is then no longer suitable for switching low-level

#### signal circuits.

min./max.

AgNi or AgSnO and Au plated

#### Contact material (relay contacts)

### Modes (adjustable)

## Switching delay

_	When immersed	0.7 s
_	When laid bare	0.7 s
_	In case of failure	1 s

#### **Ambient conditions**

Ambient temperature on the housing	-40 +80 °C (-40 +176 °F)
Storage and transport temperature	-40 +80 °C (-40 +176 °F)

#### **Process conditions**

#### Process pressure

_	Threaded versions	-1 64 bar/-100 6400 kPa (-14.5 928 psig),
		depending on the process fitting

perature) with temperature adapter (option

LIC	cess temperature VEGACAF 65 of 516L	
-	Insulation PE	-40 +80 °C (-40 +176 °F)
-	Insulation PTFE	-50 +150 °C (-58 +302 °F)
Process temperature (thread or flange tem-		-50 +200 °C (-58 +392 °F)

with PTFE)



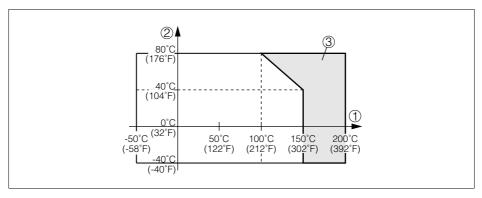


Fig. 29: Ambient temperature - Process temperature

- 1 Process temperature
- 2 Ambient temperature
- 3 Temperature range with temperature adapter

Dielectric figure

> 1.5

### Electromechanical data

Cable entry/plug (dependent on the version)

Single chamber housing

1 x cable entry M20 x 1.5 (cable: ø 5 ... 9 mm),
 1 x blind stopper M20 x 1.5; attached 1 x cable entry M20 x 1.5

or:

1 x cable entry ½ NPT, 1 x blind stopper ½ NPT,
 1 x cable entry ½ NPT

or:

• 1 x plug M12 x 1; 1 x blind stopper M20 x 1.5 for wire cross-section up to 1.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (AWG 16)

Spring-loaded terminals

#### Adjustment elements

Mode switch

Min. detection or dry run protection

Max. detection or overflow protection

DIL switch for measuring range selection

range 1 0 ... 20 pF

range 2 0 ... 85 pF

range 3 0 ... 450 pF

Potentiometer Switching point adaptation

#### Power supply

Operating voltage



20 ... 253 V AC, 50/60 Hz, 20 ... 72 V DC (at U > 60 V DC, the ambient temperature can be max. 50  $^{\circ}$ C/122  $^{\circ}$ F)

1 ... 8 VA (AC), approximately 1 W (DC)

50 C/122 F)

Power consumption

### **Electrical protective measures**

Protection rating IP 66/IP 67

Overvoltage category III

Protection class I

#### Functional safety (SIL)

Functional safety is already activated on instruments with SIL qualification ex factory. On instruments without SIL qualification ex factory, the functional safety must be activated by the user via the indicating and adjustment module or via PACTware for applications according to SIL.

Functional safety according to IEC 61508-4

Single channel architecture (1001D) up to SIL2
 double channel diversitary redundant architecture (1002D)

You can find detailed information in the supplied Safety Manual of the instrument series or under "www.vega.com", "Downloads", "Approvals".

#### **Approvals**

Depending on the version, instruments with approvals can have different technical data.

For these instruments, the corresponding approval documents have to be taken into account. These are part of the delivery or can be downloaded under <a href="www.vega.com">www.vega.com</a> via "VEGA Tools" and "serial number search" as well as via "Downloads" and "Approvals".



# 9.2 Dimensions

### **VEGACAP 63**

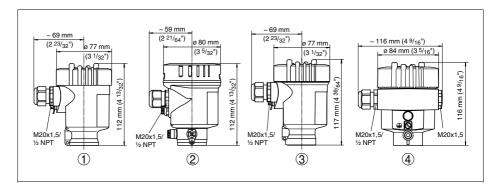


Fig. 30: Housing versions

- 1 Plastic housing
- 2 Stainless steel housing, electropolished
- 3 Stainless steel housing precision casting
- 4 Aluminium housing



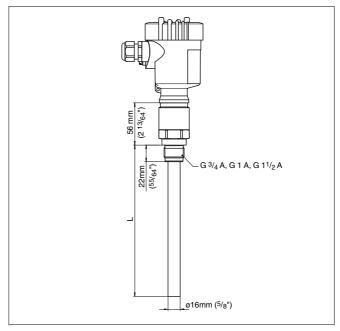


Fig. 31: VEGACAP 63 - threaded version G1 A (ISO 228 T1)

L = Sensor length, see chapter "Technical data"



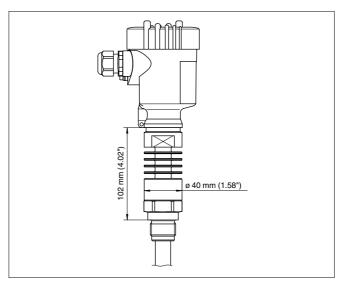


Fig. 32: Temperature adapter



# 9.3 Industrial property rights

VEGA product lines are global protected by industrial property rights. Further information see http://www.vega.com.

Only in U.S.A.: Further information see patent label at the sensor housing.

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#### 9.4 Trademark

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All statements concerning scope of delivery, application, practical use and operating conditions of the sensors and processing systems correspond to the information available at the time of printing.

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